17- TERMINOLOGY

17.1 GENERAL

It is important that responders and incident managers use common terminology. There simply is little or no room for misunderstanding in an emergency situation. The use of plain language in emergency response is matter of public safety, especially the safety of first responders and those affected by the incident. It is critical that all local responders, as well as those coming into the impacted area from other jurisdictions and other states as well as the federal government, know and utilize commonly established operational structures, terminology, policies and procedures. This is what NIMS and the Incident Command System (ICS) are all about—achieving interoperability across agencies, jurisdictions and disciplines.

The use of common terminology is about the ability of area commanders, State and local EOC personnel, federal operational coordinators, and emergency responders to communicate clearly with each other and effectively coordinate response activities, no matter what the size, scope or complexity of the incident. The ability of responders from different jurisdictions and different disciplines to work together depends greatly on their ability to communicate with each other.

York County DES does not recognize the use of 10-codes or other coded language.

17.2 STANDARDIZED RADIO VERBIAGE

York County Department of Emergency Services Communications Center will utilize Standardized Radio Verbiage.

Examples include but are not limited to:

Acknowledged – Lets the sender know that you have received this message and understand it.

Address – Term used for the incident location.

Advise – Give a message to, or provide necessary information

Available – **Message given when a field provider is available and ready for another call. The unit's Geographic Information System (GIS) location is still tied to the previous incident location.

The unit location will affect the use of Proximity Dispatch after the Master Station Order has been exhausted.

Example: 46-32 to York, available or R5 to York, available.

Clear – Term used for units advising they have left an incident or location.

Example: 182 to York, Clear of Booking.

Dispatch – Term used for units sent to an incident.

Location – either a question or a statement concerning the whereabouts of a unit.

Example: TK99, your location?

Negative - Radio term used in place of No.

OK – Term used by the receiver of a message to acknowledge the receipt and understanding of the message.

On the Air Available – Used when a cross staffed unit is away from their Base Station for an extended period of time.

**Cross Staffing is defined as FD will place units in a cross staffed status when they only have enough personnel to run one unit. TK89 and E89-4 are run by the same crew and can only staff one piece.

Example: TK89 calls On the Air Available the CAD will put E89-4 out of service.

On the Scene – Used for units arriving at the location of the incident.

Example: E2-1 to York, On the Scene or 34-100 to York, On the Scene.

Out of Service – This refers to the status of equipment which should be done via phone unless equipment breaks down en-route to a call.

Priority – A term of high importance used involving an emergency situation where a unit needs to contact York ASAP.

Example: Chief 50 to York with a PRIORITY; York replies, "Chief 50 go ahead with your message"; I need Met Ed ASAP to respond there are live wires down on a vehicle with subjects still trapped or 34-42 to York with a PRIORITY; York replies, "34-42 go ahead with your message"; I need EMS Class 1 for a subject with an arm amputation.

Radio Check – Term used for a unit testing a radio.

Example: Chief 6 to York, Radio Check.

Radio Maintenance – Radio designation used for contracted repair technicians.

Repeat – To say again or repeat your last message.

Responding – Correct manner in which to notify York that a unit is en-route to the scene of a call.

Example: BT602 to York, responding or 21-67 to York, responding.

Returning – Term used for units leaving an incident.

Example: ACQUINT29 to York, returning unavailable.

Station Available – **Message given when a field provider is available for another call, but its physical location is assumed to be its base station.

The unit location will affect the use of Proximity Dispatch after the Master Station Order has been exhausted.

Example: R24 to York, Station Available

Stand by – Listen, but do not transmit until further notice.

Unavailable – any unit leaving the scene of an incident which is not able to respond to another call.

Example: A28 to York, returning unavailable or 50 to York, en-route to station unavailable.

Under Control – Term is used when an incident has been stabilized.

Example: Chief 23 to York, fire is under control or 21-86 to York, no other units needed situation is under control.

**Available Status

The status of units is tracked in CAD and is used to determine the availability of resources for dispatch. Upon completion of an incident, units will either assume the status of "Available" or "Station Available." It is important to understand the difference between the two. **Available** assumes the unit is again ready for dispatch, but the unit's GIS location is still tied to the previous incident location. **Station Available** also assumes the unit is available for dispatch, but its physical location is assumed to be its base station. The unit location will affect the use of Proximity dispatch. For this reason, it is important that units change their status to Station Available as soon as practical.

The following guidelines shall be followed:

- Unit status shall be changed to Available upon being released from an incident, unless otherwise specified.
- Units shall report their status as Station Available when they have returned to either their base station or home jurisdiction, or within reasonable proximity of those locations. It shall be the discretion of the Unit Officer to determine when it is appropriate to change status.

Note: Unit Cross-Staffing is affected by status. If a cross-staffed unit's status is not marked as Station Available, its associated unit will not be available for dispatch. For this reason, it is even more important that cross-staffed units report station availability. As with the guidance above, it shall be the unit officer's discretion to decide when it is appropriate to report the unit On the Air Available when one unit is away from the station and Station Available when it is in proximity of the station again.

17.2a 10 CODES, LOOK-UP CODES, and SIGNALS

The use of Ten Codes, Look-Up Codes, and Signals has been approved for the York County's Police Departments and 911 Police Dispatchers. The policy does not include Fire/EMS communications.

These forms of communication are permitted for use only between 911 Communications and York County Law Enforcement Units. 911 Police Dispatchers maintain the discretion to use plain English.

For Multi-Discipline responses (Police, Fire, EMS) working on the same talk group via patching or involving out of county police units, all verbal communications will be done in plain English.

All CAD narrative entries shall be documented in plain English.

LOOK – UP CODE LIST

- 01- Homicide
- 02- Rape and Attempt
- 03- Robbery
- 05- Burglary
- 06- Larceny (not auto)
- 07- Auto Theft
- 08- Assault
- 14- Vandalism
- 18- Narcotics and Drugs
- 29- Missing Person
- 30- Motor Vehicle
- 48- Shoplifting
- 49- Suicide
- 50- Vacation
- 51- Disturbance (loud music, party, etc)
- 53- Harassment
- 55- Abandoned Vehicle
- 56- Suspicious Person (s)
- 60- Request District Attorney

SIGNALS

- 1- At home
- 2- At base
- 6- District Justice Office (give last name)
- 13- OFFICER IN TROUBLE

Codes in **bold type** are some of the most commonly used ones.

OFFICIAL TEN-CODE LIST

- 10-0 Caution
- 10-1 Unable to copy
- 10-2 Signal good
- 10-3 Stop transmitting
- 10-4 Acknowledgement (ok)
- 10-5 Relay
- 10-6 Busy unless urgent
- 10-7 Out of service
- 10-8 In service
- 10-9 Repeat
- 10-10 Fight in progress
- 10-11 Dog case
- 10-12 Stand by
- 10-13 Weather report
- 10-14 Prowler
- 10-15 Civil disturbance
- 10-16 Domestic problem
- 10-17 Meet Complainant
- 10-18 Quickly
- 10-19 Return to
- 10-20 Location
- 10-21 Call____by telephone
- 10-22 Disregard
- 10-23 Arrived on scene
- 10-24 Assignment complete
- 10-25 Report in person (meet)
- 10-26 Detaining subject, expedite
- 10-27 Drivers license information
- 10-28 Vehicle registration information
- 10-29 Check for wanted
- 10-30 Unnecessary use of radio
- 10-31 In progress
- 10-32 Subject with a gun
- 10-33 Emergency
- 10-34 Riot
- 10-35 Major crime alert

10-36 Correct time 10-37 (Investigate) Suspicious vehicle 10-38 Stopping suspicious vehicle 10-39 Urgent- use lights and siren 10-40 Silent run- no lights or siren 10-41 Beginning tour of duty 10-42 Ending tour of duty 10-43 Information 10-44 Permission to leave 10-45 Motor vehicle accident 10-46 Assist motorist 10-47 Emergency road repair at_____ 10-48 Traffic standard repair at _____ 10-49 Traffic light out at 10-50 Fatality 10-51 Wrecker needed 10-52 Ambulance needed 10-53 Road blocked at 10-54 Livestock on roadway 10-55 Intoxicated driver 10-56 Intoxicated pedestrian 10-57 Hit and run 10-58 Direct traffic 10-59 Convoy or escort 10-60 Squad in vicinity 10-61 Personnel in area 10-62 Reply to message 10-63 Prepare to make written copy 10-64 Message for local delivery 10-65 Net message assignment 10-66 Message cancellation 10-67 Clear for net message 10-68 Dispatch information 10-69 Message received 10-70 Fire alarm 10-71 Advise nature of call 10-72 Report progress on fire 10-73 Smoke report 10-74 Negative 10-75 In contact with _____ 10-76 Enroute 10-77 ETA 10-78 Need assistance 10-79 Notify coroner 10-80 Chase in progress

| 10-81 | Breathalyzer |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 10-82 | Reserve lodging |
| 10-83 | Work school crossing at |
| 10-84 | If meeting, advise ETA |
| 10-85 | Delayed due to |
| 10-86 | Officer/operator on duty |
| 10-87 | Pick up/distribute checks |
| 10-88 | Present telephone number of |
| 10-89 | Bomb threat |
| 10-90 | Bank alarm at |
| 10-91 | Pick up prisoner/subject in custody |
| 10-92 | Parking complaint |
| 10-93 | Blockade |
| 10-94 | Drag racing |
| 10-95 | Prisoner/subject in custody |
| 10-96 | Mental subject |
| 10-97 | Radio check |
| 10-98 | Prison/jail break |
| 10-99 | Wanted/stolen indicated |

17.3 FIRE/EMS DESIGNATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

FIRE

York County Fire/EMS Dispatchers as well as York County and York City Fire Department Responders will recognize the following as the official designations, to be used for communication and identification purposes, between the Fire/EMS Dispatcher and responding Fire Officers and apparatus. An emergency responder must use their official designation when communicating to the Fire/EMS Dispatcher. No other variations will be recognized. The Fire/EMS Dispatcher will not accept portable + a unit number as an acceptable designation.

The Officer's and apparatus designations have been approved by the York County Radio Committee and the Department of Emergency Services.

Fire apparatus are identified by the type of apparatus and the station number to which they belong. As of August 1, 1987 apparatus in the following categories will be classified as per NFPA 1901 as to what their designations are on the radio: Engines, Tankers, Aerial Apparatus (Truck), Salvage Units.

Examples of fire apparatus designations include but are not limited to: Station 2 has two engines and one truck. Their radio designations would be Engine 2-1, Engine 2-2, and Truck 2.

Officers are identified by the station number to which they belong. All the fire departments do not have the same Officer's designations and number of Officers. The following are several of the Officer's designations used on the radio:

- Chief and Deputy Chief are in charge of departmental operations.
- Battalion Chief is in charge of multiple companies within a department; such as Stations 89 and 24.
- Captain and Lieutenant are company level officers who can act as incident commanders in the absence of Chiefs.
- Duty Officers are senior fire personnel who act in the absence of an officer.

Examples of Officer's designations include but are not limited to: Station 26 may have two Chiefs, one Captain and two Lieutenants. Their radio designations would be Chief 26, Chief 26-1, Captain 26, Lieutenant 26-1, and Lieutenant 26-2.

List of first due stations in that respond into York County are:

| Stat Stat Stat | ion 1 ion 2 ion 3 ion 4 ion 5 | West York Shiloh (W Manchester Twp) Thomasville Spring Grove Lincolnway (W |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Ctot | ion 6 | Manchester Twp) Dover |
| | ion 7 | Lineboro (Carroll County) |
| | ion 8 | York New Salem |
| | ion 9 | Dover Twp |
| | ion 11 | Nashville |
| | ion 12 | North Codorus Twp |
| | ion 18 | Jacobus |
| | ion 19 | York Twp |
| Stat | ion 20 | York County Fire School |
| Stat | ion 21 | Hellam |
| Stat | ion 22/23 | North East Fire Rescue |
| Stat | ion 25 | North York |
| Stat | ion 26 | Strinestown |
| Stat | ion 27 | York Haven |
| | ion 28 | Goldsboro |
| | ion 31 | Newberry Twp |
| Stat | ion 33 | United Hook &Ladder |
| 0 | | (Adams Co) |
| | ion 34 | Red Lion |
| | ion 35 | Dallastown |
| | ion 36 | Yoe Windsor |
| | ion 37 ion 38 | Yorkana |
| | ion 39 | New Bridgeville |
| | ion 41 | Wrightsville |
| | ion 42 | East Prospect |
| | ion 43 | Felton |
| | ion 44 | Craley |
| | ion 45 | Winterstown – N. |
| | | Hopewell |
| Stat | ion 46 | Hanover |
| | | |

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| Station 47 Station 49 Station 52 Station 53 Station 54 Station 55 Station 56 Station 57 Station 58 Station 59 Station 60 | Jefferson Penn Twp Pleasant Hill Porters Stewartstown Airville Fawn Grove Delta New Freedom Glen Rock Lake Clarke |
|--|---|
| Station 61 | Shrewsbury |
| Station 62 | Seven Valleys |
| Station 63 | Loganville |
| Station 64 | Dillsburg |
| Station 65 | Franklintown |
| Station 66 | Wellsville |
| Station 67 | Monaghan |
| Station 68 | Fairview |
| Station 69 | DDSP |
| Station 71 | E York Forest Fire |
| Station 72 | S York Forest Fire |
| Station 89 | York Area United Fire & Rescue |
| Station 91 | YCDES includes Haz Mat & OEM |
| Station 99 | York City |
| Station 101 | Lisburn (Cumberland Co |
| | 24) |
| Station 112 | East Berlin (Adams Co 11) |
| Station BC 45 | Maryland Line (Baltimore |
| | Co) |

Fire Chief's that cover a municipality that does not correspond with their first due area or station number are:

| Duty Officer 21/41 | Stations 21/41 |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Duty Officer 10 | Stations 22/23 |
| Chief 10 | Stations 22/23 |
| Chief 30 | Station 12 |
| Chief 40 | Stations 21/41 |
| Chief 49 | Stations 46/49 |
| Chief 50 | Stations 2/5 |
| Duty Officer 2/5 | Stations 2/5 |
| Chief 89/Battalion 89 | Stations 22/23/24/89 |
| Chief 99 | Stations 25/99 |

The radio committee of the Fire Chiefs and Fire Fighters Association has prepared this basic outline as a guide to identify each mobile unit. All departments should place their units or apparatus in the following categories:

<u>Air cascade</u> - a vehicle equipped with at least five (5) 300 cu ft air bottles; the bottles should carry at least 2400 psi. The basic function of the vehicle is to fill self-contained breathing apparatus.



<u>Attack</u> - the unit can be either a mini-type pumper (250 gpm) or a class "A" pumper (1000 gpm) designed with pre-connected hose lines and other related equipment for a fast hitting, quick attack unit. Sometimes operates as a Brush or an Engine. (See Brush below.)



Ambulance - A Basic Life Support (BLS) unit



<u>Brush</u> – an off road type vehicle designed for fighting grass, brush, or woodland fires, equipped with either a booster or power take-off pump. The vehicle should have at least a 100-gallon water tank; carry rakes, shovels, and back pack units.



<u>Car</u> - a vehicle that is used to conduct department business, such as code enforcement, transportation for a daytime duty officer, training sessions, etc.



Chief - self-explanatory, see Car

<u>Crash</u> - a unit designed for protection of aircraft, on or off the runway. Usually uses foam.



<u>Engine</u> - The pump shall be at least 500 gpm. The booster tank should carry at least 300 gallons of water and the hose bed designed to carry 1500 ft of hose.



E54-4 and E56-1 serves primarily as a rural water supply units. They are frequently requested as supply units in Maryland. E54-4 carries several hundred feet of large diameter hose (LDH) and both engines are used in areas that lack hydrants.



Medic unit – non transport Advanced Life Support (ALS) unit



<u>MICU</u> – Advanced Life Support unit staffed with a Paramedic designed to transport a patient.



QRS – (Quick Response Service) Fire department unit designed to handle EMS calls.

<u>Rescue</u> - shall carry a rescue tool such as spreaders, rams, cutters, or combination tools. Usually also carries small multipurpose tools including, but not limited to, saws, drills, chisels, pry bars, shoring systems, and similar tools; may also carry airbags. (Sometimes called Squad in other counties)





Rescue Boat - a unit designed to operate on the water for rescue or fire purposes.



<u>Salvage</u> – carries tarps and other covers, and tools for overhaul at a fire scene.

Scuba - a diving team that does not have a rescue boat.

<u>Service</u> - a unit that carries any other type of equipment, i.e. fire police, pumps, generators, turn-outs, masks, air bottles, foam, rope, etc. A units that does not meet any other designations.





<u>Tanker</u> - The purpose is to transport additional water to fires in areas not covered by hydrants. A 1500-gallon tank capacity is recommended, with a 2-1/2 inch gated connection for filling. Tankers not equipped with a pump providing a 500-gpm discharge should have a four (4) inch dump valve. On tankers of the 2000-gallon capacity, two (2) such dump valves should be supplied.





<u>Traffic Unit</u> – The purpose is to transport fire police, traffic control equipment and devices to an incident to assist with traffic control.



<u>Truck</u> - a vehicle designed to carry a compliment of ground ladders and equipped with an aerial ladder that is at least 50 feet in length. Maybe a ladder, platform or water pipe; also called a Quint and Tower in other Counties





<u>Utility</u> - a vehicle that is used for department operations. Examples are, but not limited to medical equipment, personnel carriers, command post unit, specialized equipment such as lighting or confined space units, fire police equipment, etc. A unit that does not meet other designations.





EMS

York County Fire/EMS Dispatchers as well as York County EMS Responders will recognize the following as the official designations, to be used for communication and identification purposes, between the Fire/EMS Dispatcher and responding EMS Officers and apparatus. An emergency responder must use their official designation when communicating to the Fire/EMS Dispatcher. No other variations will be recognized. The Fire/EMS Dispatcher will not accept portable + a unit number as an acceptable designation.

A. The following Basic Life Support (BLS) officer designations have been approved:

| BLS Station Number | | BLS Rank |
|--|----------|---------------------------------------|
| EMS + (EMS station number) | = the | Highest Ranking Officer in |
| | uie | Department (EMS Chief or EMS Captain) |
| EMS + (EMS station number) + A | = | Captain or Lieutenant |
| EMS + (EMS station number) + B Supervisor | = | Lieutenant, OIC, or |
| EMS + (EMS station number) + C | = | Lieutenant |
| Examples include but are not limited | l to: E | MS62, EMS62A, EMS31, |

Examples include but are not limited to: EMS62, EMS62A, EMS31, EMS31B

B. Advanced Life Support (ALS) officer designations In charge of more than one or multiple agencies will be identified by using the hundred series. The highest ranking ALS officer will start in the third digit as a "0" in the designation. The higher the third digit is the least rank they have. See Appendix A for ALS officer designations.

C. The following **ALS** officer designations that are in charge of one agency that have been approved:

ALS Numbers ALS Rank

ALS + (medic unit number) = ALS Chief or Coordinator

ALS + (medic unit number) + A = OIC or Supervisor

ALS + (medic unit number) + B = OIC or Supervisor

ALS + 102 + E = OIC for events held at the York Expo Center.

D. Quick Response Service (QRS) QRS Rank

QRS + (station number) + A = QRS Captain

QRS + (station number) + B = QRS Lieutenant

E. <u>Apparatus Designations</u>

Ambulance + (station number) + 1, 2, or 3 (Licensed Transporting BLS)

Medic Unit + (unit number) + 1, 2 or 3 (Licensed Non-transporting ALS)

QRS + (station number) (Licensed Non-transporting BLS)

MICU + (designated number) (Licensed Transporting ALS)

Supervisor + (medic unit number) = Paramedic Supervisor

F. <u>An ambulance is a Basic Life Support (BLS) unit.</u> A BLS unit needs to have a minimum of two EMTs on board (Emergency Medical Technician) in order to respond and transport a patient to the hospital. An EMT is capable of managing respiratory, trauma, and cardiac emergencies, and patient assessment; performs CPR with adjunct equipment and aids in emergency childbirth; knowledge in use of backboards, suction devices, splints, and oxygen delivery systems.



G. <u>A QRS (Quick Response Service)</u> is defined by regulation as "an entity recognized by the Pennsylvania Department of Health to respond to a medical or trauma emergencies and to provide pre-hospital emergency care to patients until the arrival of an ambulance or ALS unit. The following EMS units are used in York County:



- **H.** EMS units use number designations to identify themselves. Some also have different names for their organization. See Appendix A for BLS unit designations.
- I. <u>Private ambulance services</u> provide routine transports. They can be called upon during mass casualty incidents.
- J. A medic unit is a non transport Advanced Life Support (ALS) unit. An ALS provider is known as a Paramedic. A Paramedic performs more extensive pre-hospital care than do the EMTs. Paramedics administer medication orally and intravenously, interpret electrocardiograms (EKG), perform endotracheal intubations, and use monitors and other complex equipment. If the patient's condition warrants ALS, the Paramedic accompanies the patient and EMTs enroute to the hospital on board the ambulance. See Appendix A for medic unit designations.



<u>A MICU is a Mobile Intensive Care Unit.</u> A MICU is a transport Advanced Life Support unit. It is staffed with an EMT and at least one ALS provider. See Appendix A for MICU designations.



17.4 RADIO IDENTIFICATION LIST RADIO DEPT

| <u>Fire</u> | | EMS | | <u>EMA</u> | <u>.</u> |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| 300 | Station | 400 | Station | 500 | Base Station |
| 301 | Chief Mobile | 401 | EMS Officer Mobile | 510 | Municipal Mobile |
| 302 | Chief Portable | 402 | EMS Officer Portable | 511 | Municipal Portable |
| 303 | Officer Mobile | 410 | Ambulance Mobile | 520 | EMA/OEM Mobile |
| 304 | Officer Portable | 411 | Ambulance Portable | 521 | EMA/OEM Portable |
| 305 | Duty Officer Portable | 420 | MICU Mobile | 560 | HazMat Veh Mobile |
| 308 | Fire Police Mobile | 421 | MICU Portable | 561 | HazMat Veh Portable |
| 309 | Fire Police Portable | 430 | Medic Mobile | 570 | HazMat Officer Mobile |
| 310 | Engine Mobile | 431 | Medic Portable | 571 | HazMat Officer Portable |
| 311 | Engine Portable | 440 | MASH Mobile | 580 | Red Cross Hanover |
| 312 | E112-1 Portable | 441 | MASH Portable | 581 | Red Cross York |
| 313 | E112-2 Portable | 450 | QRS Mobile | | |
| 320 | Truck Mobile | 451 | QRS Portable | | |
| 321 | Truck Portable | 452 | Medic 102-2 Mobile | | |
| 330 | Tanker Mobile | 453 | Medic 102-2 Portable | | |
| 331 | Tanker Portable | 460 | Car Mobile | | |
| 340 | Brush Mobile | 461 | Car Portable | | |
| 341 | Brush Portable | 470 | Coroner Mobile | | |
| 350 | Rescue Mobile | 471 | Coroner Portable | | |
| 351 | Rescue Portable | 480 | EMS Duty Portable | | |
| 360 | Cascade Mobile | 481 | EMS Duty Mobile | | |
| 361 | Cascade Portable | 483 | Ski Roundtop Patrol | | |
| 370 | Car/Boat Mobile | | | | |
| 371 | Car/Boat Portable | | | | |
| 374 | SCUBA Mobile | | | | |
| 375 | SCUBA Portable | | | | |
| 380 | Attack Mobile | | | | |
| | | | | | |

381 Attack Portable
390 Utility Mobile
391 Utility Portable
392 Salvage Mobile
393 Salvage Portable
396 Service Mobile
397 Service Portable

YCDES Police 901 Executive Director Mobile 600 Precinct/Station 902 Executive Director Portable 612 Sheriff 613 Juvenile Probation 903 Director Mobile 614 County Detective 910 911 Center Mobile 615 Adult Probation 911 911 Center Portable 617 County Parks 920 Information Services Mobile 621 York Area Regional Police 921 Information Services Portable 622 Southwest Regional Police 930 Telephone Department Mobile 624 Hanover Borough Police 931 Telephone Department Portable 626 Hellam Township Police 950 Radio Department Mobile 628 Wrightsville Borough Police 951 Radio Department Portable 629 Lower Windsor Police 952 Base Station 632 Newberry Township police 634 Northern York County Regional Police 635 North Hopewell Township Police 636 Northeastern Regional Police 638 Penn Township Police 642 Southern Regional Police 643 Springettsbury Township Police 644 Spring Garden Township Police 645 Stewartstown Borough Police 646 West Manchester Township Police 647 West Manheim Township Police 648 West York Borough 652 Fairview Township Police 653 Carroll Township Police 656 York City Police 672 Pinchot State Park Rangers 673 Codorus State Park Rangers 695 Police Mobile

17.5 RADIO TEMPLATES

Police Radio

| POSITION | BANK A | BANK B | BANK C | BANK D | BANK E | BANK F | BANK G | BANK H | BANKI | BANK J | BANK K |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | City 1 | Metro 2 | North 3 | East 4 | West 5 | DA 6 | Sheriff 7 | Dispatch | Dispatch | LANC 1 | TRNPK 1 |
| 2 | Side Channel | OPS 2 | FP 2 | LANC 2 | TRNPK 2 |
| 3 | CARCAR 1 | CARCAR 2 | CARCAR 3 | CARCAR 4 | CARCAR5 | CARCAR6 | CARCAR7 | OPS 3 | FP3 | DAUPHIN1 | MAIN |
| 4 | TAC 1 A | TAC 2 A | TAC 3 A | TAC 4 A | TAC 5 A | TAC 6 A | TAC 7 A | OPS 4 | FP 4 | DAUPHIN2 | EMA 1 |
| 5 | TAC 1B | TAC 2B | TAC 3B | TAC 4 B | TAC 5 B | TAC 6 B | TAC 7 B | OPS 5 | FP 5 | CUMBER1 | TMI |
| 6 | TAC 1 C | TAC 2 C | TAC 3 C | TAC 4 C | TAC 5 C | TAC 6 C | TAC 7 C | OPS 6 | FP 6 | CUMBER2 | PBAPS |
| 7 | SUPRV 1 | SUPRV 2 | SUPRV 3 | SUPRV 4 | SUPRV 5 | SUPRV 6 | SUPRV 7 | EMS 2 | FP 7 | ADAMS 1 | PARKOPS |
| 8 | OPS 2 | YCCA | YCCA | YCCA | YCCA | YCCA | YCCA | EMS 3 | FP 8 | ADAMS 2 | YC OEM |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | FP 9 | CARROLL1 | YC OEM2 |
| 10 | VND 2 | | FP 10 | CARROLL2 | SE/ADMNA |
| 11 | VND 1 | | FP 11 | BALTO 1 | SE/ADMNB |
| 12 | NRT 2 | | FP 12 | BALTO 2 | SE/ADMNC |
| 13 | NRT 1 | | FP 13 | HARFD 1 | SE/ADMND |
| 14 | QRT 2 | | FP 14 | HARFD 2 | FD/PD 1 |
| 15 | QRT 1 | | FP 15 | PSP 1 | FD/PD 2 |
| 16 | CITY 1 | METRO 2 | NORTH 3 | EAST 4 | WEST 5 | DA 6 | SHERIFF7 | | FP 16 | PSP 2 | FD/PD 3 |

Fire/EMS Radio

YORK / FULTON SYSTEMS

| POSITION | BANK A | BANK B | BANK C | BANK D | BANK E | BANK F | BANK G |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| 1 | DISPATCH | DISPATCH | DISPATCH | CFADMN | CITY PD | LANC 1 | DISPATCH |
| 2 | OPS 2 | EMS 2 | FP 2 | OPS 2 | METRO 2 | LANC 2 | EMA 1 |
| 3 | OPS 3 | EMS 3 | FP 3 | CF PREV | NORTH 3 | DAUPHIN1 | TMI |
| 4 | OPS 4 | EMS 4 | FP 4 | CF MAINT | EAST PD | DAUPHIN2 | PBAPS |
| 5 | OPS 5 | EMS 5 | FP 5 | CF SUPER | WEST PD | CUMBER1 | TRNK 1 |
| 6 | OPS 6 | YH1 | FP 6 | OPS 6 | DA 6 PD | CUMBER2 | TRNK 2 |
| 7 | OPS 7 | YH 2 | FP 7 | OPS 7 | SHERIFF 7 | ADAMS 1 | ATR |
| 8 | OPS 8 | MH 1 | FP 8 | OPS 8 | Side channel | ADAMS 2 | ATR OPS |
| 9 | OPS 9 | MH 2 | FP 9 | OPS 9 | MUNIC 1 | CARROLL1 | HAZMAT 1 |
| 10 | OPS 10 | HH 1 | FP 10 | OPS 10 | MUNIC 2 | CARROLL2 | ADMN/SE A |
| 11 | OPS 11 | HH 2 | FP 11 | OPS 11 | MUNIC 3 | BALTO 1 | ADMN/SE B |
| 12 | OPS 12 | ISC 1 | FP 12 | OPS 12 | MUNIC 4 | BALTO 2 | ADMN/SE C |
| 13 | OPS 13 | ISC 2 | FP 13 | OPS 13 | MUNIC 5 | HARFRD 1 | ADMN/SE D |
| 14 | OPS 14 | ISC 3 | FP 14 | OPS 14 | MUNIC 6 | HARFRD 2 | FD/PD 1 |
| 15 | OPS 15 | ISC 4 | FP 15 | YC OEM | MUNIC 7 | PSP 1 | FD/PD 2 |
| 16 | OPS 16 | ISC 5 | FP 16 | YC OEM 2 | MUNIC 8 | PSP 2 | FD/PD 3 |

Conventional Channels

Conventional Systems

| | UTAC | T/A F/E | Adams | Cumberland | Dauphin | Lancaster | EMRC | York |
|----|---------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | UTAC 40 | T/A F1 | Med 1 | Med 1 | Med 1 | Med 1 | Med 1 | Med 10 |
| 2 | UTAC 41 | T/A F2 | Med 2 | Med 2 | Med 2 | Med 2 | Med 2 | Med10T/A |
| 3 | UTAC 42 | T/A F3 | Med 3 | Med 3 | Med 3 | Med 3 | Med 3 | Med 1 |
| 4 | UTAC 43 | T/A F4 | Med 4 | Med 4 | Med 4 | Med 4 | Med 4 | Med 2 |
| 5 | UTAC 43 | T/A F4 | Med 5 | Med 5 | Med 5 | Med 5 | Med 5 | Med 3 |
| 6 | UTAC 43 | T/A F4 | Med 6 | Med 6 | Med 6 | Med 6 | Med 6 | Med 4 |
| 7 | UTAC 43 | T/A F4 | Med 7 T/A | Med 7 T/A | Med 7 T/A | Med 7 T/A | Med 7 T/A | Med 5 |
| 8 | UTAC 43 | T/A F4 | Med 8 | Med 8 | Med 8 | Med 8 | Med 8 | Med 6 |
| 9 | UTAC 43 | T/A E1 | Med 9 | Med 9 | Med 9 | Med 9 | Med 9 | Med 7 T/A |
| 10 | UTAC 43 | T/A E2 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 8 |
| 11 | UTAC 43 | T/A E3 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 9 |
| 12 | UTAC 43 | T/A E4 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 9 |
| 13 | UTAC 43 | T/A E4 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 9 |
| 14 | UTAC 43 | T/A E4 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 9 |
| 15 | UTAC 43 | T/A E4 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 9 |
| 16 | UTAC 43 | T/A E4 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 10 | Med 9 |

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